Appendix A

Social Care & Education

Adult Social Care



Performance Report

2022/23: Quarter 3 (1/10/22 - 31/12/22)

Note on 2020/21 comparator data:

Due to the impact of Covid, data from 2020/21 should be treated with caution if being compared to other years



Key Messages

There is much positive work undertaken by Adult Social Care in the city. However pressures are having an impact on our capacity to recover from covid and meet increasingly complex demand.

Demand (volume of requests for support) fluctuates over the year but is forecast to be slightly below last year.

Complexity is difficult to 'see' in performance measures but has certainly increased as people face multiple and compounding issues (poor mental / physical health, financial constraints, fuel poverty, reduced support from others)

During the first half of the year we saw that a relatively high proportion of people assessed were found to have eligible needs but this has fallen back to 2021/22 levels in Q3

The % of people supported at point of contact could be greater (above 70%) – but we are confident that people who are given advice / information are not re-presenting to us with the same concerns

Our short term service offer is effective and benchmarks well



continued

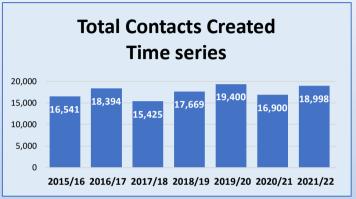
- We are unable to keep pace with annual reviews due to other priority work but the growth in overdue reviews has slowed in the last 6 months
- Safeguarding activity is being further explored, as the ratio of alerts to enquiries (meeting the threshold) is different to most other East Midlands councils
- New admissions to care homes have reduced which is in line with our strategic objectives to support people in the community
- Most people being discharged from hospital return to their usual place of residence
- The number of people going straight home rather than into a bed should be increased
- Complaints remain low and commendations steady
- A substantial majority of people tell us that the support they receive helps them to live their life
- Our CQC ratings for Supported living and Home Care are mostly good (87% and 82% respectively), with one supported living provider having an outstanding rating; but comparatively poor CQC ratings for Care Home and Nursing care (72% good or outstanding). Ratings have reduced since the pandemic and we are looking closely at the reasons for this, to make improvements.



Managing Demand – Total Contacts Created





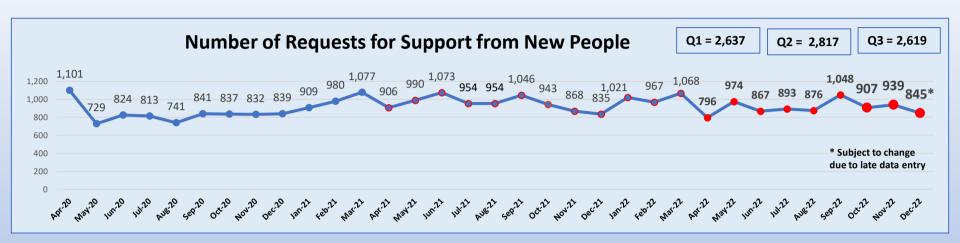


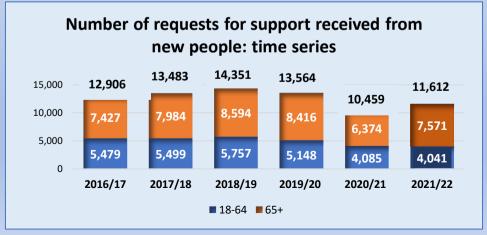
Note: Not all referrals lead to a contact record being created. Telephony (ACD) data shows that call volumes have increased overall.

Key Message: The volume of contacts received has reduced this quarter. Longer time series data does show a degree of fluctuation, but the parameters are broadly consistent. The primary focus is on the quality of contacts (linked to screening and safeguarding outcomes) and what happens following the contact.



Managing Demand – New Requests for Support



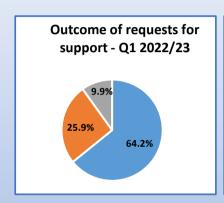


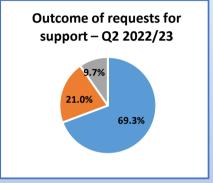
2022/3 Forecast = 10,860

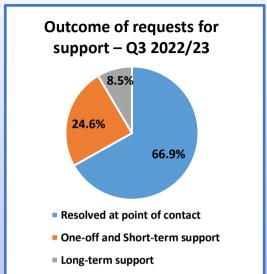
Key Message: As with contacts, requests for support do vary but within a consistent upper and lower interval.



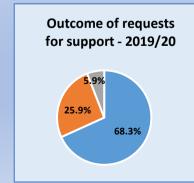
Managing Demand – Meeting people's needs

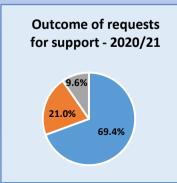


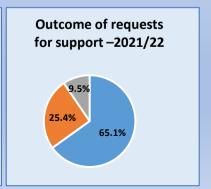




Key Message: There has been a small reduction in the outcome of long term support this quarter. Ideally we would see an increase in both short term and 'resolved' outcomes and a greater decrease in long term support – this is work in progress in the context of work to embed a support sequence









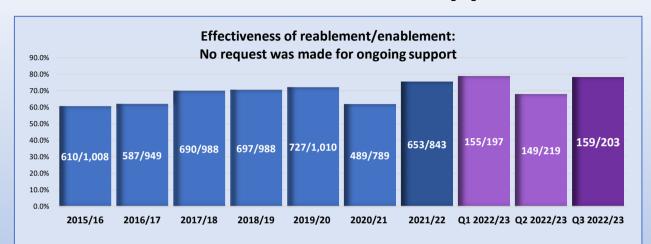
Outcomes of Information, Advice and Guidance (IAG) and One-off support



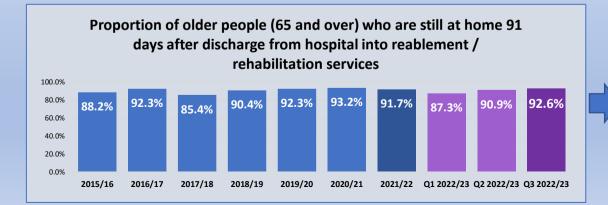
Key Message: Repeat enquiries for the same reason have further reduced and stayed low, which is positive.



Outcomes of short-term support



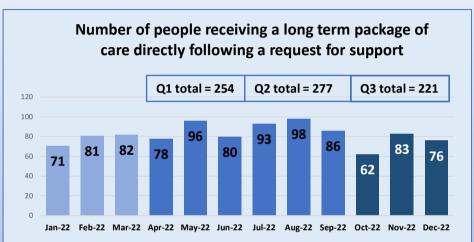
Key Message: Q3 position on effectiveness has recovered after a dip in Q2 and this is positive to note. The same is true for the 91 day metric, where we continue to perform strongly.

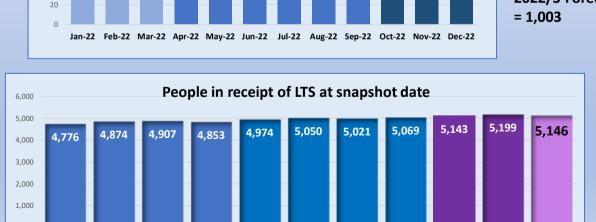


2021/22 Comparator Data (ASCOF definition – 3 months only) Leicester 88.2% East Midlands 82.0% England 81.8%

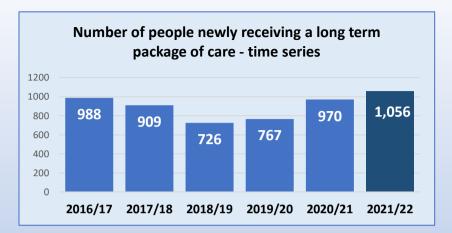


Long-Term Support (LTS)





31st Mar 2018 31st Mar 2019 31st Mar 2020 31st Mar 202130th June 202130th Sept 202131st Dec 2021 31st Mar 2022 30th Jun 2022 30th Sept 202231st Dec 2022



2022/3 Forecast

Key Message: There continues to be a steady increase in the numbers of people in receipt of LTS, in part driven by reduced leavers as well as additional new packages. Work continues to explore alternatives to council support.



Reviews



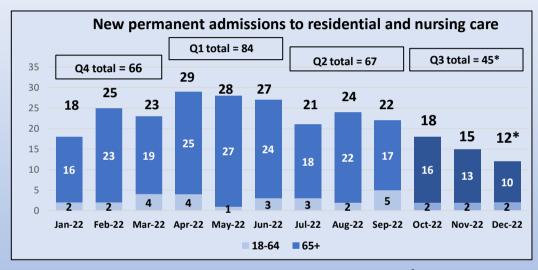
Key Message: Reviews continue to be a considerable cause for concern. Most (but not all) teams have managed to recruit some additional capacity and are beginning to track activity and outcomes from this dedicated resource. Recent insights from Care Analytics work will help to target the review capacity we do have. December activity will have been impacted by the short working month / leave taken. Although number grow, the rate of growth has slowed in the last 6 months compared to the previous 6 months



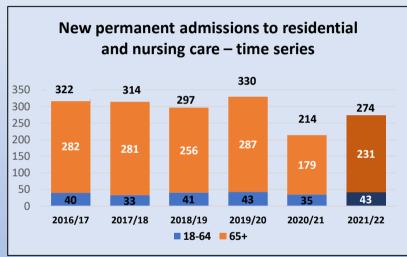


Long-Term Support – New admissions to residential and nursing care





*Subject to change due to data entry / checking

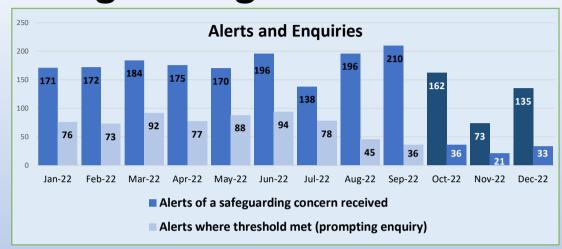


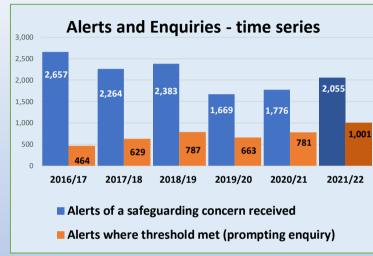
2022/3 Forecast = 261

Key Message: Placement activity has further reduced and the year end forecast looks positive, given our strategic priority to reduce care home use.



Safeguarding – 'Alerts' and 'Enquiries'





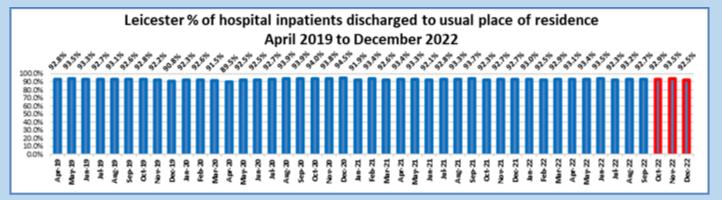
East Midlands Comparators (per 100,000 pop.) – 2021/22 Alerts Enquiries

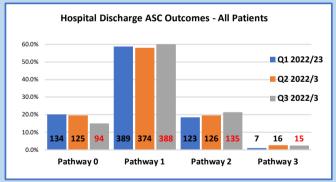


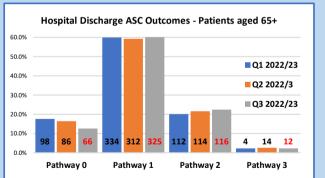
Key Message: The position in Q2 has continued. Recent work on benchmarking regionally and from the Self assessment workshop will continue to explore factors that might drive the recording of alerts and conversion to enquiries.



Health and Social Care Integration — Supporting hospital discharges







Pathway 0 - No Care Provided

Pathway 1 - Care Package / Reablement / Re-start

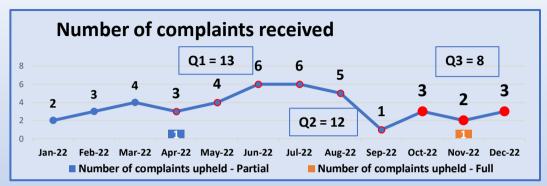
Pathway 2 - Rehab/ Assessment Bed /Short Stay Placement

Pathway 3 - Permanent Care Home Placement

Key Message: Work continues with discharge colleagues across the system to reduce the use of Pathway 2 (bedded solutions). Enhanced use of Pathway 1 is intended, and partners are working with Newton Europe to identify opportunities to change 'prescriptions' at the point of discharge.



Quality – Complaints and commendations





	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22
Complaints – Total	85	81	44	49
Complaints - Fully Upheld	18	9	4	1
Complaints - Partially Upheld	16	22	8	1
Commendations	248	295	264	252



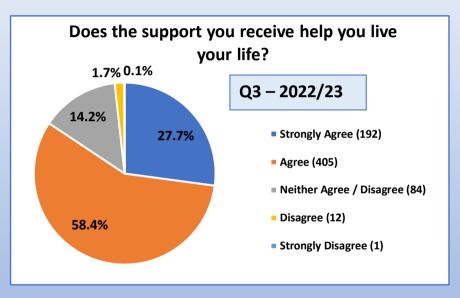


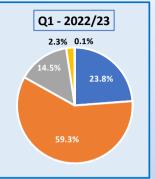
Key Message: Numbers are small but complaint activity remains low. Commendations are steady.

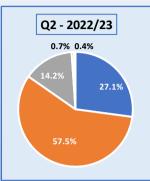


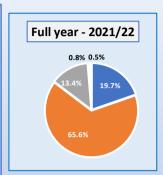
Satisfaction and outcomes – strengths based

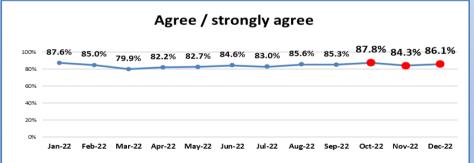
related outcomes







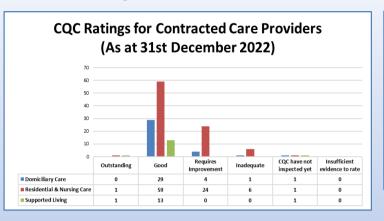




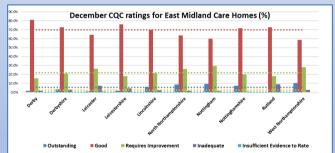
Key Message: Overall satisfaction rates are fairly steady and positive. This will continued to be monitored and the Making it Real group will be a vehicle by which to explore experience. There is a positive shift this quarter to the % of people reporting to strongly agree but this has varied across the year within fairly small parameters.



Quality – Commissioned services: CQC/QAF



Key Message: CQC ratings for Leicester compare poorly to most other authorities in the East Midlands, with the exception of Nottingham and West Northants; and have declined over time. In addition the East Midlands Region overall performs less well than other areas nationally. ADASS has commissioned work to understand the reasons for this, the results of this will help to inform our approach to quality management and performance improvement. Quality Assurance Framework (QAF) performance is encouraging and a programme of work will ensure that all QAFs are completed in line with the annual cycle.



Quality Assurance Framework: Proportion of providers compliant at their most recent assessment / re-assessment										
Period / date	Domiciliary Care	Residential & Nursing Care	Supported Living	vcs						
2018/19	72.4%	96.2%	86.4%	94.3%						
2019/20	94.1%	100%	100%	95.7%						
2020/21	100%	100%	100%	95.8%						
January – November 2022 – All at 100%										
31/12/2022	100% (17/35 assessed)	100% (72/90 assessed)	100% (7/17 assessed)	100% (17/32 assessed)						

LA	Outstanding	Change from previous month (%)	Change from Mar 2022 (%)	Change from March 2020 (%)	Good		Change from Mar 2022 (%)	Change from March 2020 (%)	Requires Improvement	Change from previous month (%)		Change from March 2020 (%)	Inadequate	Change from previous month (%)	Change from Mar 2022 (%)		Insufficient Evidence to Rate
Leicester	1	0	-1	-2	61	-2	-9	-19	25	1	3	7	7	1	2	7	
Leicester %	1.1%	0.0%	-50.0%	-66.7%	64.2%	-3.2%	-12.9%	-23.8%	26.3%	4.2%	13.6%	38.9%	7.4%	16.7%	40%		1.1%

